MERRYHILL SCHOOL ARLINGTON

UPCOMING EVENTS:

- 8/24: First Day of School
- 8/27: Elementary Parent
 Orientation
- 8/27: 4th, 5th, and 6th Grade
 Trip Meeting and iPad Setup
- 8/28: Spirit Day
- 9/4: 4th, 5th, and 6th Grade
 Trip Form/Payment Due
- 9/7: School Closed
- 9/II: Grandparent's Day
 Breakfast
- 9/11: Patriot Day
- 9/17: Constitution Day
- 9/18: 4th, 5th, and 6th Grade Pine Cove Payment Due
- 9/25: Fantastic Friday
- 9/25: Spirit Day
- 9/29-30: 4th, 5th, and 6th
 Grade Pine Cove Trip

Merryhill News

VOLUME 2, ISSUE I

AUGUST/SEPTEMBER 2015

Welcome Back

We are so excited to be back for a fantastic 2015 -2016 school year! We are looking forward to many educational opportunities for our students and cannot wait to see how they will grow and learn this year!

We have several new educational initiatives this year. In addition to our 5th and 6th grade students being 1:1 iPad classrooms, our 4th grade students will join

them this year. Obviously, this increase in technology allows our students to experience learning in new and more impactful ways. Students will also have unique opportunities to connect with other students and take learning outside of the classroom.

We also have educational trips planned for all of our classes. Every class will take a teambuilding

trip prior to the end of October. These trips allow our teachers and students to develop a great relationship which translates to a feeling of a safe classroom environment where every child is free to learn.

Please check the calendar for upcoming special events and important dates. We're looking forward to a phenomenal year!

Preschool Focus: Developing Balance Skills in Young Children-From Tummy Time to Bike Riding

Balance is a fundamental skill necessary for maintaining controlled positions, such as sitting in a chair, or engaging in physical activities like running or riding a bike. Having balance makes motor skill development easier, reduces the risk of injury, and helps children focus on academic tasks.

Our Nobel Learning Education team stays up to date with the latest research to ensure that our Links to Learning curriculum exceeds childhood learning standards. The Links to Learning curriculum was enhanced last fall to include a greater focus on balance, a building block for skills such as hand-eye coordination, muscular strength and body awareness.

Here are some ways we help improve balance in the classroom, as well as ideas for you and your child to do at home.

INFANTS-

1st he classroom: Tummy time promotes neck, back and abdominal strength needed for infants to eventually push up, roll over, sit up and crawl. Teachers keep infants engaged by using activity mats or plush blocks.

At home: Place your haby on his stomach and

At home: Place your baby on his stomach and shine a flashlight near him. Once you have captured his attention, shine the light in a rhythmic pattern. For older infants, encourage your baby to move or crawl toward the light.

TODDLERS (ages 1-2):

In the classroom: During the toddler years, children make major strides in balance and coordination. Teachers play music and encourage students to move their bodies in different ways

At home: Push and pull toys require children to use core balance and arm strength, which can be difficult for new walkers. Place a small wagon or toy shopping cart and a pile of blocks on the floor. Show your child how to fill the cart with blocks. He will enjoy pulling or pushing the blocks around the

BEGINNERS (ages 2-3):

In the classroom: Sitting cross-legged, or as we say with the children "criss-cross applesauce," is an important developmental skill for two year olds. Teachers encourage children to sit criss-crossed anytime they are playing on the floor. Sitting in this position strengthens a child's core muscles and helps improve body control. We discourage "W-sitting," with knees together and feet on either side of the hips, because it puts strain on knees and hips and fails to engage core abdominal muscles.

At home: Provide your child with a sit-and-spin toy. Ask him to sit on the toy with his legs criss-crossed. As he turns the wheel to spin, he will gain a better understanding of cause and effect.

INTERMEDIATES (ages 3-4):

In the classroom: Around age three, children learn to maintain control of their upper body while moving their lower body. Our intermediate students practice pedaling a tricycle, bouncing on hopper balls, and walking on a balance beam.

At home: Have your child practice running and stopping with control by playing the traffic light game. Shout out the color green, yellow or red. Have him move quickly when hearing "green," move slowly when hearing "green," move slowly when hearing "green," and completely stop when hearing "green".

PRE-K/PRE-K 2 (ages 4-5):

In the classroom: Teachers encourage children to practice balance and coordination by jumping on their non-dominant foot, walking on a line or beam, or jumping rope. Children also practice balance by crouching down to tie their shoes.

At home: Ask your child to tell you about the games

At home: Ask your child to tell you about the games and activities played at school. Include these activities at home and during family events such as birthday parties and vacations. Scooters and pogo jumpers are great toys for children at this age.